

# MEMORANDUM

To: USACE Colonel James L. Booth, LTC Todd F. Polk, Richard McMillen, SFWMD Governing Board,  
Executive Director Drew Bartlett, Jennifer Reynolds, Lawrence Glenn, DEP Secretary Shawn Hamilton

From: Periodic Scientists Conference Call Participants  
Kevin Godsea & Avery Renshaw - J.N. "Ding" Darling National Wildlife Refuge (NWR) Complex  
Holly Milbrandt & Dana Dettmar - City of Sanibel  
Lesli Haynes & Lisa Kreiger - Lee County  
Harry Phillips & Maya Robert - City of Cape Coral  
Leah Reidenbach, Rick Bartleson PhD, & Matt Depaolis - SCCF (Sanibel-Captiva Conservation Foundation)

Subject: Caloosahatchee & Estuary Conditions Report

Reporting Period: **January 16 – 22, 2024**

This report provides a scientific assessment of Caloosahatchee River and Estuary conditions and how these conditions affect the health, productivity, and function of the system.

**Caloosahatchee Conditions Summary:** Flow to the Caloosahatchee Estuary had a 7-day average of **3,066 cfs** at **S-79** with a 7-day average of **217 cfs (7%)** coming from the lake at **S-77**. **The 14-day moving average flow at S-79 is 2,553 cfs and has been in the stress flow envelope (2,100 – 2,600 cfs; RECOVER 2020) for 8 days.**

**Recommendation:** The prolonged high lake stage is having long-term negative impacts on the health of Lake Okeechobee. With El Niño conditions currently bringing above average rainfall this dry season, lowering the lake prior to the 2024 rainy season will prove to be challenging. Time is of the essence; we encourage the Corps to start managing Lake Okeechobee to reduce lake levels and use all available outlets to prevent damaging discharges to the estuaries.

**USACE Action:** With Lake Okeechobee stage in the Low Sub-band, the Tributary Hydrologic conditions in the Normal category, the Seasonal Lake Okeechobee Net Inflow outlook in the Wet category, and the Multi-seasonal Climate Outlook in the Wet category, Part D of the 2008 LORS suggests up to 3,000 cfs at S-79 and 1,170 cfs at S-80. On 6/10/23 the USACE increased releases from Lake Okeechobee to the Caloosahatchee Estuary from the W.P. Franklin Lock and Dam (S-79) to 2,000 cfs. Releases to the St. Lucie Estuary (S-80) remain at 0 cfs.

**Lake Flows:** In the past 7 days the total outflow from Lake Okeechobee was **4,836 AF** with **3,064 AF** to the Caloosahatchee through **S-77**, **61 AF** to the St. Lucie canal through **S-308**, **34 AF** through **S-310** in Clewiston, **1,330 AF** through the **L8 canal**, and **347 AF** to the EAA through **S-351**, **S-352**, and **S-354**. The total net inflow to the Lake was **131,718 AF** (131,711 AF from Fisheating Creek, S-71, S-72, S-84s, S-65EX, and S-65EX1) and a total backflow of **7 AF** from the **S-310**. Water conservation areas received flows of **7,082 AF**, **23,601 AF**, and **18,808 AF** at **WCA1**, **WCA2**, and **WCA3**, respectively. Everglades National Park received **24,221 AF**.

**Lake Level: 16.17 ft (Intermediate Sub-Band)**

**Last Week: 16.05 ft**

**Last Year: 16.09 ft**

**7-Day Lake Recession Rate: +0.12 ft/week**

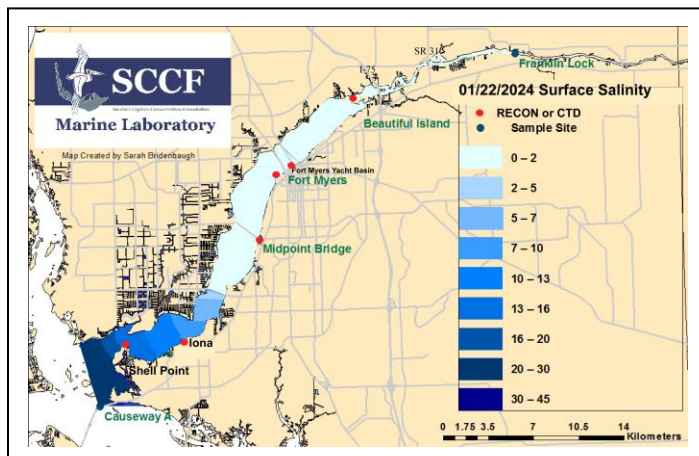
**Lake Okeechobee Inflow: 3,364 cfs**

**Lake Okeechobee Outflow: 25 cfs**

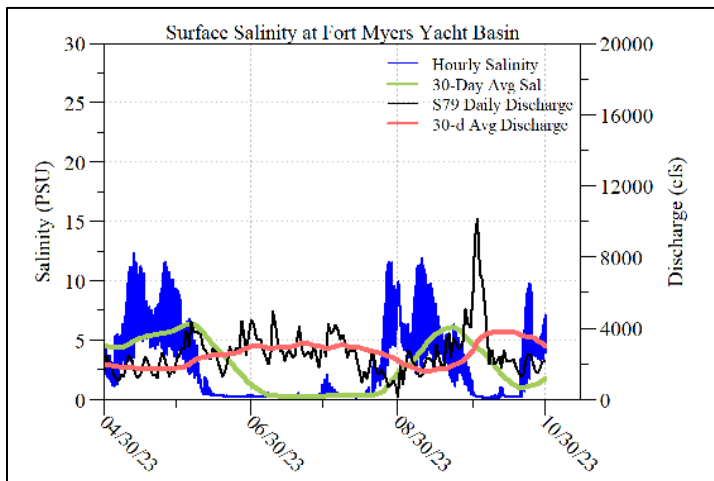
**Weekly Rainfall Total: WP Franklin: 0.64"**

**Ortona: 0.35"**

**Moore Haven: 0.43"**



ACOE Daily Reports			
Date	S79 Flow (cfs)	S78 Flow (cfs)	S77 Flow (cfs)
1/16/24	3853	1190	667
1/17/24	3686	1138	612
1/18/24	3436	1008	240
1/19/24	2868	379	0
1/20/24	2443	119	0
1/21/24	2541	704	0
1/22/24	2633	578	0
<b>7-day avg</b>	<b>3066</b>	<b>731</b>	<b>217</b>



Light Penetration				
Site	25% I <sub>z</sub>	Target Values	Turbidity	Target Values
	meters		NTU	
Fort Myers	0.6	> 1	4.0	< 18
Shell Point	ND	>2.2	ND	< 18
Causeway	2.5	> 2.2	2.4	< 5

25% I<sub>z</sub> is the depth (z) where irradiance (I) is 25% of surface irradiance. Target values indicate the depth of light penetration needed for healthy seagrass.

**Cyanobacteria Status:** On 1/22/24 sampling for cyanobacteria by the Lee County Environmental Lab reported the presence of *Microcystis* and *Dolichospermum* upstream of the Franklin Locks with some streaks. *Microcystis* and *Dolichospermum* were moderately abundant at the Davis Boat Ramp as streaks with some accumulation and heavy inflow from runoff.

**Upper Estuary Conditions:** The 30-day average surface salinity at the Fort Myers Yacht Basin was 2.7 psu, within the suitable range for tape grass.

**Lower Estuary Conditions:** The average salinity at Shell Point RECON was 17 psu, in the optimal range for oysters but below optimal for seagrass.

**Water Quality Conditions:**

Monitor Site	Salinity (psu) <sup>a</sup> [previous week]	Diss O <sub>2</sub> (mg/L) <sup>b</sup>	FDOM (qsde) <sup>c</sup>	Chlorophyll (µg/L) <sup>d</sup>	Temperature (°F)
Beautiful Island	0.2 – 0.2 [0.2 – 0.4]	5.2 – 7.4	180 – 230	6.8	65.3 – 71.7
Fort Myers Yacht Basin	0.2 – 0.5 [0.4 – 5.4]	6.9 – 8.8	198 – 240	6.0	58.1 – 66.7
Shell Point	3.3 – 29 [11 – 34]	6.6 – 8.7	-----	-----	61.7 – 67.1
McIntyre Creek	19.7 – 28.4 [26.4 – 32.8]	4.3 – 10.8	-----	-----	56.7 – 67.7
Tarpon Bay	16.8 – 28.6 [26.9 – 33.8]	5.2 – 8.3	53.4 – 111.6	1.3 – 3.1	57.6 – 66.5
Wulfert Flats	22.1 – 28.6 [25.9 – 30.0]	5.8 – 10.2	-----	3.2 – 12.5	56.2 – 66.6

Red values are outside of the preferred range.

<sup>a</sup> Salinity target values: BI < 5, FM < 10, SP = 10 – 30

<sup>b</sup> Dissolved O<sub>2</sub> target values: all sites > 4

<sup>c</sup> FDOM target values: BI < 70, FM < 70, SP < 11

<sup>d</sup> Chlorophyll target values: BI < 11, FM < 11, SP < 11

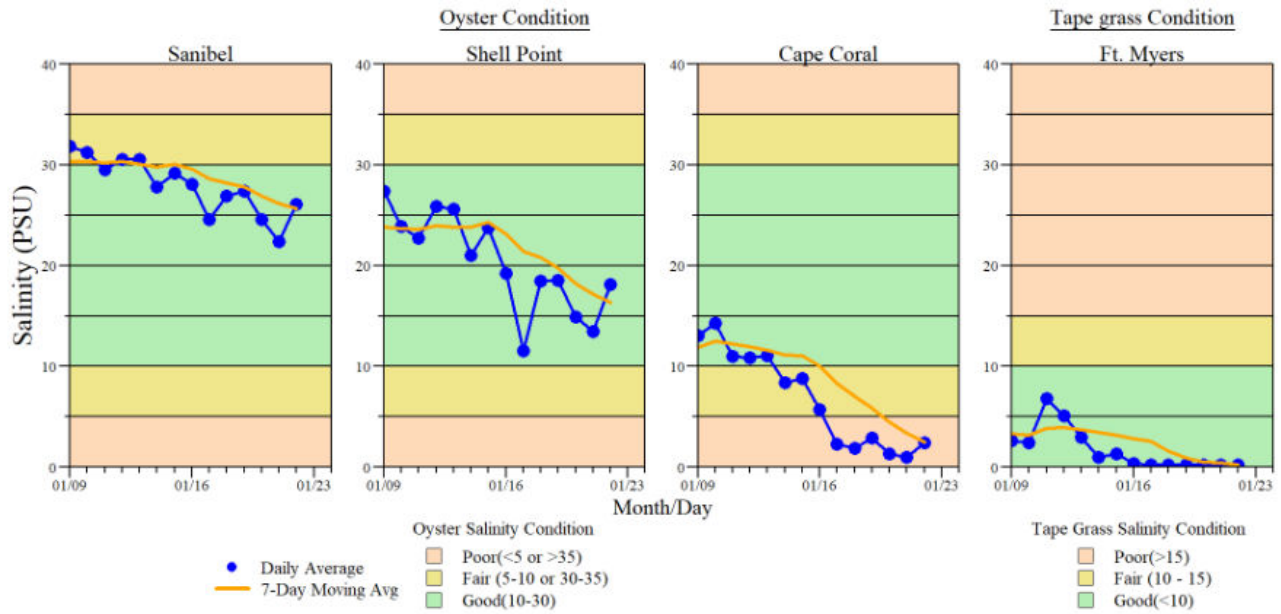
<sup>e</sup> Single sonde lower and surface layer or surface grab lab measurement

----- no data

**Wildlife Impacts:** In the past week, the CROW wildlife hospital on Sanibel admitted 15 patients with suspected red tide/toxicosis: 3 juvenile brown pelicans (died), 1 adult cattle egret (still at CROW), 1 adult sandwich tern (still at CROW), 1 adult great egret (still at CROW), 1 adult osprey (died), 1 juvenile lesser black-billed gulls (still at CROW), 7 adult royal terns (3 still at CROW, 4 died).

**Red Tide:** On 1/19/24, the FWC reported that the red tide organism *Karenia brevis* was not observed in samples collected statewide over the past week.

**Shellfish Advisory:** Shellfish harvest area #6222/6232 Matlacha Pass Shellfish Harvest Area is **CLOSED** by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (FDACS) as of 1/16/2024 due to rainfall (operating procedures in Chapter 5L-1.003 (1), Florida Administrative Code).



Daily average bottom salinity data for the last 14-days from sampling locations within the tidal Caloosahatchee River Estuary relative to oyster health (Sanibel, Shell Point and Cape Coral) and tape grass (*Vallisneria americana*) health (Ft. Myers only) conditions.

\*Ft. Myers sensor is in the lower strata



Water clarity at Lighthouse Beach Park on 1/23/24 at 1:36 PM on a slack tide (1.4 ft). [Lighthouse Beach Park Virtual Tour.](#)